

Mock Test Paper - Series I: July, 2024

Date of Paper: 30<sup>th</sup> July, 2024

Time of Paper: 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

**INTERMEDIATE COURSE: GROUP – I**

**PAPER – 2: CORPORATE AND OTHER LAWS**

**Time Allowed – 3 Hours**

**Maximum Marks – 100**

1. *The question paper comprises two parts, Part I and Part II.*
2. *Part I comprises Case Scenario based Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)*
3. *Part II comprises questions which require descriptive type answers.*

**PART I – Case Scenario based MCQs (30 Marks)**

***Part I is compulsory***

**Case Scenario 1**

GlobalTech Pvt. Ltd., a technology giant with operations in software development, hardware manufacturing, and IT consulting, has recorded significant financial growth over the past few years. For the financial year 2023-2024, the company reported the following financial metrics:

- Net worth: ₹ 520 crore
- Turnover: ₹ 1,050 crore
- Net profit: ₹ 4.5 crore

In the financial year 2022-2023, GlobalTech Pvt. Ltd. had a net worth of ₹ 480 crore, a turnover of ₹ 1,020 crore, and a net profit of ₹ 4 crore. The company has a subsidiary, TechSubs Ltd., and a foreign subsidiary, GlobalTech International, which has a branch office in India.

GlobalTech Pvt. Ltd. spent ₹ 1.2 crore on various CSR activities during the financial year 2023-2024. However, ₹ 30 lakh remained unspent and was transferred to the Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility Account as per section 135(6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

The company's board comprises members from different parts of the country and they ensure that the administrative overheads do not exceed the prescribed limit of total CSR expenditure.

The company held its annual general meeting on 20<sup>th</sup> August, 2024 and filed the annual return in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

On the basis of above facts and by applying applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the applicable Rules therein, choose the correct answer (one out of four) of the following Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs 1-6) given herein under: -

1. Based on the financial metrics of GlobalTech Pvt. Ltd., is the company required to constitute a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee for the for the financial year 2023-2024?

- (a) Yes, because its net worth exceeds ₹ 500 crore.
- (b) No, because it has not met the required net profit criteria.
- (c) Yes, because its turnover exceeds ₹ 1,000 crore.
- (d) No, because its net profit is less than ₹ 5 crore.
2. Given that GlobalTech Pvt. Ltd. has ₹ 30 lakh in its Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility Account, which of the following statements is true?
- (a) The company is not required to constitute a CSR Committee if it has unspent CSR funds.
- (b) The company must constitute a CSR Committee in Financial year 2024-2025, as it has balance in Unspent CSR account.
- (c) The company can use the unspent funds for any other business activity.
- (d) The company must transfer the unspent amount to the Prime Minister's National Relief Fund.
3. If GlobalTech Pvt. Ltd. had an average net profit of ₹ 5 crore over the past three immediately preceding financial years, what is the minimum amount it must spend on CSR activities in the financial year 2024-2025?
- (a) ₹ 5 lakh
- (b) ₹ 10 lakh
- (c) ₹ 20 lakh
- (d) ₹ 30 lakh
4. GlobalTech Pvt. Ltd. must ensure that the administrative overheads do not exceed a certain percentage of the total CSR expenditure. What is this percentage?
- (a) 2%
- (b) 5%
- (c) 10%
- (d) 15%
5. What is the latest date by which GlobalTech Pvt. Ltd. must file its annual return with the Registrar of Companies (RoC)?
- (a) 10<sup>th</sup> September 2024
- (b) 15<sup>th</sup> September 2024
- (c) 10<sup>th</sup> October 2024
- (d) 19<sup>th</sup> October 2024

### Case Scenario 2

GreenLeaf LLP is a limited liability partnership engaged in the business of eco-friendly product manufacturing. The LLP was initially established with three partners: Priya, Sameer, and EcoCorp Ltd., a corporate entity. Priya and Sameer

are the designated partners, with Priya being a resident in India. EcoCorp Ltd. has appointed Anil, an individual, as its nominee to act on its behalf.

After a few years, Sameer decides to retire, leaving Priya and EcoCorp Ltd. as the remaining partners. Due to some administrative oversight, GreenLeaf LLP continues its operations without appointing a new partner. This situation persists for seven months, with Priya being aware of the reduced number of partners. During this period, GreenLeaf LLP enters into several contracts and incurs significant financial obligations.

On the basis of above facts and by applying applicable provisions of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008, and the applicable Rules therein, choose the correct answer (one out of four) of the following Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs 6-8) given herein under:

6. Given that Sameer retired and GreenLeaf LLP continued with only Priya and EcoCorp Ltd., what should GreenLeaf LLP have done within six months to comply with the LLP Act?
  - (a) Dissolved the LLP
  - (b) Continue operating with one designated partner
  - (c) Appoint at least one body corporate which should be a foreign company
  - (d) Appointed at least one more partner who should also be a designated partner, as every LLP should have at least two designated partners
7. According to the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008, choose the correct statement in relation to who must be a resident in India among the designated partners?
  - (a) At least one individual designated partner shall be resident in India
  - (b) All designated partners shall only be resident in India
  - (c) It is mandatory for only corporate partners to be resident in India
  - (d) At least four designated partners shall be resident in India
8. In the given case scenario suppose EcoCorp Ltd. also leaves the LLP and the LLP continues business for more than six months with only one partner, who is personally liable for the obligations incurred during that period?
  - (a) Priya
  - (b) Both Priya and EcoCorp Ltd.
  - (c) EcoCorp Ltd.
  - (d) Priya, Sameer and EcoCorp Ltd.
9. Lavender International Entertainment Inc., headquartered and registered in New York City and a prominent name in lifestyle audio innovations, professional audio and lighting solutions, and digital transformation, is present in more than seventy countries including India. Due to certain mis-happenings, the company was unable to file its financial statements along with necessary documents for the year 2023 with the Registrar of Companies (in India) within the stipulated time as permitted by the Companies Act, 2013. It

is observed that the ROC may, for any special reason and on an application made in writing by Lavender International Entertainment, extend the 'filing time' maximum up to a certain period. From the following options, choose the correct one in this respect:

- (a) 'Filing time' in respect of filing of financial statements along with necessary documents by Lavender International Entertainment Inc. can be extended by ROC maximum by one month beyond the stipulated time period.
  - (b) 'Filing time' in respect of filing of financial statements along with necessary documents by Lavender International Entertainment Inc. can be extended by ROC maximum by two months beyond the stipulated time period.
  - (c) 'Filing time' in respect of filing of financial statements along with necessary documents by Lavender International Entertainment Inc. can be extended by ROC maximum by three months beyond the stipulated time period.
  - (d) 'Filing time' in respect of filing of financial statements along with necessary documents by Lavender International Entertainment Inc. can be extended by ROC maximum by six months beyond the stipulated time period.
10. The Board of Directors Vishvas Ltd. decide to pay 5% of the issue price of shares as underwriting commission to the underwriters. However, the Articles of Association of the company permit only 3% commission. What is the maximum amount of underwriting commission that can be paid to the underwriters.
- (a) 2%
  - (b) 3%
  - (c) 5%
  - (d) No limit has prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 in case underwriting commission is to be paid in case of issue of shares.

### Case Scenario 3

Amit, an Indian resident during the Financial Year (FY) 2021-2022, decided to pursue higher studies in Biotechnology in Switzerland. On 15th July 2022, he left India to begin his two-year academic program. The determination of Amit's residential status under the Foreign Exchange Management Act (FEMA), 1999, for the Financial Years 2022-2023 and 2023-2024, is crucial to understand his obligations and entitlements concerning foreign exchange transactions.

In terms of financial requirements, Amit needs USD 25,000 annually to cover his tuition fees. Additionally, he requires USD 30,000 annually for incidental expenses and living costs while studying abroad. Thus, his total annual requirement amounts to USD 55,000, making it imperative to assess the provisions under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, that govern the remittance of foreign.

On the basis of above facts and by applying applicable provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, therein, choose the correct answer (one out of four) of the following MCQs (11-13) given herein under:

11. What would be Amit's residential status for FY 2022-2023 under FEMA, 1999?
  - (a) Resident in India
  - (b) Non-Resident Indian (NRI)
  - (c) Person of Indian Origin (PIO)
  - (d) Overseas Citizen of India (OCI)
12. What would be Amit's residential status for FY 2023-2024 under FEMA, 1999?
  - (a) Resident in India
  - (b) Non-Resident Indian (NRI)
  - (c) Person of Indian Origin (PIO)
  - (d) Overseas Citizen of India (OCI)
13. Suppose now Amit wants more money for his living cost abroad. What is the maximum amount that can still be remitted abroad per financial year under the Liberalized Remittance Scheme (LRS)?
  - (a) USD 100,000
  - (b) USD 195,000
  - (c) USD 200,000
  - (d) USD 500,000
14. ABC Real Estate Ltd., a prominent real estate company, has recently acquired a piece of land in a suburban area. The land has a small lake that is expected to generate significant tourism revenue in the future. Additionally, the land has several old structures that are permanently fastened to the earth, such as a stone pavilion and a historical monument. ABC Real Estate Ltd. plans to develop the area by refurbishing the existing structures and enhancing the natural surroundings to attract tourists.

Considering the above scenario, identify which of the following components are classified as "Immovable Property" under the General Clauses Act, 1897:

  - (a) Only the land and the stone pavilion.
  - (b) Only the land and the benefits arising from the lake.
  - (c) The land, benefits arising from the lake, and the stone pavilion.
  - (d) The land, the benefits arising from the lake, the stone pavilion, and the historical monument.
15. The Ministry of Transport is planning to construct a new highway that will connect City A and City B. According to the initial plan, the highway is expected to cover a distance of 150 kilometers. During the survey, the engineers measure the distance between the two cities as the crow flies, without considering the natural terrain and existing road curves. This method

is in line with the provisions of the General Clauses Act, 1897 regarding the measurement of distance for the purposes of any Central Act or Regulation.

Considering the above scenario, which statement is correct about the measurement of distance as per the General Clauses Act, 1897?

- (a) The distance should be measured along the existing roadways and curves.
- (b) The distance should be measured considering the natural terrain and obstacles.
- (c) The distance should be measured in a straight line on a horizontal plane unless otherwise specified.
- (d) The distance should be measured as a combination of straight lines and natural curves.

### PART – II Descriptive Questions (70 Marks)

*Question No.1 is compulsory.*

*Attempt any **Four** questions out of the remaining **Five** questions.*

1. (a) ABC Limited is a registered public company having the following:

i	Directors and their Relatives	20
ii	Employees	15
iii	Ex-Employees (Shares were allotted during employment)	20
iv	Members holding shares jointly (10 shares x 2 joint-holders each)	20
v	Other Members	150

The Board of Directors of ABC Limited proposes to convert the company into a private limited company. Referring the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, advise:

- i. Whether the company can be converted into a private company?
  - ii. Whether existing number of members need to be reduced for the proposed conversion into a private company? **(5 Marks)**
- (b) Sunday Ltd. is a listed entity engaged in the business of providing engineering solutions to clients across the country. The company followed consistent growth over the years. Rate of Declaration of dividend in immediately preceding three financial years were 15%, 20%, and 25%.

Unfortunately, due to obsolescence of a special part of machinery, company incurred losses in current financial year.

Even though, during the financial year 2023-24, the company declared interim dividend of 10% on the equity shares.

The Board of Directors of the company approved the financial result for the financial year 2023-24 in its meeting held on 5th August, 2024, and recommended a final dividend of @15% in this board meeting.

The general meeting of the shareholders was convened on 31st August, 2024. The shareholders of the company demanded that since interim dividend @10% was declared by the company, so the final dividend should not be less than 20%. It was also submitted that rate of declaration of dividend in immediately preceding three years were 15%, 20% and 25%, but the Company Secretary emphasised that final dividend cannot be increased.

Advise whether the decision of Company Secretary is correct? What should be correct rate of final dividend?

Justify your answer with reference to provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. **(5 Marks)**

- (c) Analyse the below mentioned situation in the light of the provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999.
- (i) Mr. Vinod has won a big lottery and wants to remit US Dollar 20,000 out of his winnings to his son who is in Singapore.
- (ii) Mr. Shyam requires US Dollar 5,000 for remittance towards hiring charges of transponders. **(4 Marks)**
2. (a) Explain the meaning of Crystallization of a Floating Charge. **(5 Marks)**
- (b) Define the term 'Book of account' as per the Companies Act, 2013. **(5 Marks)**
- (c) Define the following with reference to the provisions of the General Clauses Act, 1897:
- (i) Measurement of Distances
- (ii) Duty to be taken pro rata in enactments **(4 Marks)**
3. (a) Explain the exceptions to the Doctrine of Indoor Management. **(5 Marks)**
- (b) Prateek Limited, an unlisted company, registered in the State of Arunachal Pradesh with 42 shareholders, wants to organize the Annual General Meeting of the company on 13<sup>th</sup> August 2024 which happens to be Raksha Bandhan, a day declared as a holiday by the Government of Arunachal Pradesh.
- Advise the company on the feasibility of the above with reference to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. **(5 Marks)**
- (c) Explain the Doctrine of *Contemporanea Expositio*. **(4 Marks)**
4. (a) Assess the eligibility of the following individuals for appointment as Auditors in accordance with the regulations outlined in the Companies Act, 2013:

- (i) Chintamani is a practicing Chartered Accountant, and his spouse, Chitralekha, holds securities of Nagmani Ltd. valued at a face value amount of ₹ 80,000 (with a market value of ₹ 50,000). The directors of Nagmani Ltd. are considering the appointment of Chintamani as an auditor for the company.
- (ii) Mani, the real sister of Mr. Priyanshu, a Chartered Accountant, holds the position of CFO at Parivar Ltd. The directors of Parivar Ltd. are considering the appointment of Mr. Priyanshu as an auditor for the company. **(5 Marks)**
- (b) Define the term 'Small limited liability partnership' as per the provisions of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008. **(5 Marks)**
- (c) When can the Preamble be used as an aid to interpretation of a statute? **(4 Marks)**
5. (a) Priya, Smita, Shilpa, and Shefali were partners in Sharma & Associates LLP. Shilpa resigned from the firm effective 7th May 2024. However, neither Sharma & Associates LLP nor Shilpa informed the Registrar of Companies about her resignation. Is Shilpa still liable for any losses incurred by the firm from transactions entered into after 7th May 2024? Analyze this situation with reference to the provisions of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008. **(5 Marks)**
- (b) Vishal Ltd., an unlisted company, has been directed by the Central Government to prepare periodical financial results and undergo a limited review of these results. The Board of Directors is objecting, arguing that, as an unlisted entity, they are not required to prepare periodical financial results. Analyze this situation with reference to the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. **(5 Marks)**
- (c) In 2022, the Central Government enacted the "Digital Communications Act" to regulate and manage digital communications across the country. The Act provides specific duties and responsibilities for the Director of Digital Communications, including the oversight of digital infrastructure, enforcement of regulations, and ensuring compliance with data protection standards.
- In 2023, the Director of Digital Communications, Mr. Arjun Patel, was appointed to lead the implementation of this Act. However, in January 2024, Mr. Patel took a medical leave of absence for six months. During his absence, Ms. Priya Sharma, the Deputy Director of Digital Communications, was lawfully assigned to perform the duties of the Director.
- While Mr. Patel was on leave, a major data breach incident occurred involving a significant violation of the Digital Communications Act. Ms. Sharma took immediate action to investigate the breach, enforce penalties, and implement new compliance measures to prevent future incidents.



The actions taken by Ms. Sharma, while performing the duties of the Director, led to a legal challenge. The opposing party argued that only the Director, as specified in the Act, had the authority to enforce such penalties and measures, and that Ms. Sharma's actions were not valid.

Analyze the validity of Ms. Priya Sharma's actions in the context of the General Clauses Act, 1897, considering the provisions related to 'Official chiefs and subordinates'. **(4 Marks)**

6. (a) Enumerate the persons who are entitled to receive the Notice of the General Meeting, as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. **(5 Marks)**

**OR**

- (a) Enumerate the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect to the following:
- (i) Time limit for filing of annual return when Annual General Meeting is held.
  - (ii) Time limit for filing of annual return when Annual General Meeting is not held. **(5 Marks)**
- (b) Explain the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 [read along with the Companies (Registration of Foreign Companies) Rules, 2014] in respect of 'Audit of accounts of foreign company'. **(5 Marks)**
- (c) Explain the meaning of term 'currency' as per the provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999. **(2 Marks)**
- (d) Define the term 'Official Gazette' as per the provisions of the General Clauses Act, 1897. **(2 Marks)**

*Navigyan Edutech*  
*Sign of Trust*